3 (Sem-4/CBCS) BOT HC 3

2022

BOTANY

(Honours)

Paper: BOT-HC-4036

(Plant Systematics)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Fill in the blanks/Answer the following:

 (any seven)

 1×7=7
 - (a) Define polytomy.
 - (b) is a device for easily identifying an unknown plant by a sequence of choices between two or more statements.
 - (c) What is heterogamous head inflorescene?
 - (d) A change in the genetic composition of one species or group in response to a genetic change in another is called

- (e) What is taxon?
- The type of fruit of the family Magnoliaceae is ____
- is defined as a genetically distinct geographic variety, population, or race within a species, which is genotypically adapted to specific environmental conditions.
- Which plant is the largest number of
- (i) What is spathe?
- Which link provides the information like publication details, basionym(s) and accepted names in virtual herbarium?
- Answer any four of the following questions:
 - Write the inflorescence characters of the family Euphorbiaceae.
 - What are paratype and syntype?
 - Write the differences between cladogram and phylogenetic tree.
 - (d) What is biosystematics?
 - Write the differences between diffuse and coevolution. gene-for-gene

- (f) What is velamen?
- (g) What is didynamous stamens?
- (h) What is pseudostem?
- Answer any three of the following 5×3=15 questions:
 - (a) Write the principles of international code of botanical nomenclature.
 - Write the cconomic importance of Zingiberaceae.
 - Write the objective and importance of (c) plant taxonomy.
 - Discuss briefly on cluster analysis. (d)
 - Write the identifying characters of Lamiaceae
 - Write the principle of APG system of *(f)* classification.
 - What is terpenoid compound? Classify (g)them and give examples.
 - State the salient features of Engler and Prantl's system of plant classification. (h)
- Answer any three of the following: 10×3=30 4.
 - Describe in detail with the help of examples the systematic value of (a) cytological studies.

- (b) Describe different theories regarding the origin of Angiosperms.
- (c) Discuss the detailed outline of Bentham and Hooker system of plant classification. Why is this classification usually used for classifying herbarium specimens?
- (d) What is numerical taxonomy or taximetrics? Describe the principles of numerical taxonomy.
 - (e) Discuss the method constructing the phylogenetic tree amongst the angiospermic taxa.
 - (f) Why is Orchidaceae considered as the most advanced family amongst the monocotyledons? Give suitable diagrams wherever necessary.
 - (g) What is virtual herbarium? Discuss the functions and importance of herberium.
 - (h) Discuss on the following:
 - (i) Morphology of the spikelet in Poaceae
 - (ii) Unique characters of the family Asteraceae