Total number of printed pages-7

3 (Sem-4/CBCS) BOT HC1

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BOTANY

(Honours)

Paper: BOT-HC-4016

(Molecular Biology)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer **any seven** of the following as directed: 1×7=7
 - (a) Whose experimental findings confirmed that DNA is the genetic material?
 - (i) Avery, MacLeod and McCarty
 - (ii) Griffith
 - (iii) Alfred D. Hershey and Martha Chase
 - (iv) None of the above (Choose the correct answer)

- Z-form DNA shows (b)
- (i) right handed coiling
 - left handed coiling (ii)
 - both left and right handed coiling
 - (iv) None of the above (Choose the correct answer)
 - Transcription is the transfer of genetic information from
 - DNA to RNA
 - DNA to mRNA
 - (iii) mRNA to tRNA
 - (iv) tRNA to mRNA

(Choose the correct answer)

mRNA is a _____RNA. (d)

(genetic/non-genetic) (Put the correct answer)

- The sequence of sense strand of DNA is same as that of
 - rRNA
 - (ii) mRNA
 - (iii) template DNA strand
 - (iv)tRNA

(Choose the correct answer)

- The genetic code for methionine is (f)

 - AUG (ii)
 - (iii) AAU
 - (iv) AAG (Choose the correct answer)
- Self-splicing occurs for rare introns that (q) form a
 - (i) hnRNA
- mRNA (ii)
 - ribozyme (iii)
 - splicesome (iv) (Choose the correct answer)
 - (h) Mitochondrial DNA shows
 - paternal inheritance (i)
 - maternal inheritance (ii)

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- both paternal and maternal (iii) inheritance
- (iv) None of the above (Choose the correct answer)

(i) A _____ is the basic structural unit of DNA packaging in eukaryotes, which consists of a segment of DNA wound around eight _____ proteins.

(Fill in the blanks)

- (j) RNA primers are synthesized with the help of
 - (i) RNA polymerase
 - (ii) topoisomerase
 - (iii) primase
 - (iv) ligase

(Choose the correct answer)

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- 2. Answer **any four** of the following questions briefly: 2×4=8
 - (a) What is 'Cot curve'?
 - (b) What is gene silencing?
 - (c) What are the functions of DNA polymerase I and DNA ligase in DNA replication?
 - (d) What are exons and introns?
 - (e) What is splicesome?
 - (f) What is central dogma in molecular

- (g) How does transcriptional control differ in prokaryotes and eukaryotes?
 - (h) What are enhancers?
- 3. Answer **any three** of the following questions: 5×3=15
 - (a) Write the difference between constitutive and facultative heterochromatin.
 - (b) How does nuclear DNA differ from organelle DNA?
 - (c) Write a note on the properties of genetic code.
 - (d) Distinguish between denaturation and renaturation of DNA.
 - (e) Describe with experimental evidence that 'DNA replicates in a semi-conservative way'.
 - (f) Discuss on fidelity of translation.
 - (g) Write a short note on Arthur Kornberg's enzyme.
 - (h) Write a brief note on genetic and non-genetic RNA.

- 4. Answer any three of the following questions: 10×3=30
 - With the help of neat labelled diagram (a) describe the structure of DNA. Point out the salient features of the double helic Write the difference between constitutive 6+4=10
 - Describe the rolling circle mechanism of DNA replication with a neat diagram. How does nuclear DNA di
 - Discuss the detail the three main steps (c) involved in the process of transcription in prokaryotes.
 - (d) Who proposed adaptor hypothesis of central dogma? Explain on what basis the adaptor hypothesis was framed.

2+8=10

- ONA replicated in a somi-conservative (e) How many structural genes are present in a lac operon? Explain why the lac operon is considered as inducible operon. 3+7=10
 - What are different types of DNA? Describe the structure of B-form DNA with a neat diagram.

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- What are split genes? Write a short (q) note on group I and group II intron splicing.
- (h) What are ribozymes? Describe the structure and function of ribozymes.