3 (Sem-2/CBCS) MAT HC 2

2023

MATHEMATICS

(Honours Core)

Paper: MAT-HC-2026

(Differential Equation)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer the following questions: 1×7=7
 - (a) What is meant by implicit solution of a differential equation?
 - (b) Find the Wronskian of the set $\{e^x, e^{-x}\}$.
 - (c) Determine whether the differential equation $2xy dx + (1+x^2) dy = 0$ is exact.

(d) Determine the integrating factor of the following differential equation:

10 lowing differential
$$x^4 \frac{dy}{dx} + 2x^3 y = 1$$

- State the process in which compartmental model technique is used to formulate the mathematical model.
- (f)What do you mean by a singular solution of a differential equation?
- Write down the condition under which the *n* solutions f_1, f_2, f_n of an n^{th} order homogenous linear differential equation are linearly independent on $a \le x \le b$.
- Answer the following questions: $2 \times 4 = 8$
 - (a) Determine whether the pair of function $f(x) = e^x \sin x$ and $g(x) = e^x \cos x$ are linearly independent or linearly dependent on the real line.
 - (b) State the assumption made in developing a model of radioactivity. Draw the input-output compartmental diagram for radioactive nuclei.

- (c) Find the general solution of 2y'' - 7y' + 3y = 0
- (d) Reduce the Bernoulli equation

(d) Reduce the 24
$$x \frac{dy}{dx} + 6y = 3x^{\frac{4}{3}}$$
the car equation by

to linear equation by appropriate transformation.

- 3. Answer the following questions: (any three)
 - (a) Solve by the method of variation of parameter

$$y'' + y = \tan x$$

(b) Solve the initial value problem

$$(x+2)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = f(x)$$

(b) Solve the initial value
$$f(x+2)\frac{dy}{dx} + y = f(x)$$
where
$$f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x & 0 \le x \le 2 \\ 4 & x > 2 \end{cases} \quad y(0) = 4$$

It has been observed that in a population following the limited growth with harvesting model, the growth rate is 1, carrying capacity is 10, and the constant rate of harvesting is 0.9. If the initial population is x_0 , find the population after time t.

- Find the general solution of $y^{(3)} - 6y'' + 11y' - 6y = 2xe^x$
- Consider the differential equation $(3y+4xy^2)dx+(2x+3x^2y)dy=0$
 - Show that this equation is not
- (ii) Find the integrating factor of the differential equation and hence Solve by the merned

1+4=5

- Answer the following questions: (any three)
 - (a) Suppose that the functions M(x, y)10×3=30 and N(x, y) are continuous and have derivatives in the region R in xy-plane. first-order Prove that the differential equation

M(x, y) dx + N(x, y) dy = 0is exact if and only if

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$$\frac{\partial M}{\partial y} = \frac{\partial N}{\partial x}$$

at each point of R.

Or

Solve the differential equation by making suitable transformation

$$(x-2y+1) dx + (4x-3y-6) dy = 0$$

- at diwora to star odf if . (b) In a fish farm, fish are harvested at a constant rate of 2100 fish per week. The per capita death rate for the fish is 0.2 fish per day per fish and the per capita birth rate is 0.7 fish per day per fish.
 - oes the level Write a word equation describing the rate of change of the fish where V is population. Hence obtain a differential equation for the population of fish.
 - If the fish population at a given (ii) term is 2,40,000; give an estimate doitsupe a of the number of fish born in one week.
 - Determine if there are any value doman of (iii) for which the fish population is in equilibrium.

2+3+5=10

- of bacteria. At t=1 hour the number of bacteria is measured to be $\frac{3}{2}N_0$. If the rate of growth is proportional to the number of bacteria present, determine the time necessary for the number of bacteria to triple.
- (ii) The differential equation $\frac{dC}{dt} = \frac{F}{V}(C_{in} C) \text{ describes the level}$ of pollution in a lake, where V is the volume of the lake, F is the flow, C is the concentration of pollution at time t and C_{in} is the the lake.
- (i) Solve the differential equation with the initial condition $C(0) = C_0$.
- (ii) How long will it take for the lake's pollution level to reach 5% of its initial level if only fresh water flows into the

- (c) (i) Find the general solution of $y^{(3)} + y'' = 3e^x + 4x^2$
 - (ii) Solve the Euler equation $x^2y'' + xy' + 9y = 0$ 5+5=10

Or

Solve the initial value problem $y'' - 3y' + 2y = 3e^{-x} - 10\cos 3x$ given y(0) = 1, y'(0) = 2.