Total number of printed pages-7

4 (Sem-5/CBCS) COM HE 1 (MA)

2021

(Held in 2022)

COMMERCE

(Honours Elective)

Paper: COM-HE-5016

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AN No.....

(Management Accounting)

Full Marks: 80

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

1. (a) State whether the following statements are 'true' or 'false':

 $1 \times 5 = 5$

(i) Management accounting is concerned with the future.

- (ii) Financial Statements are the end products of accounting process. A (Se m-5/ CBCS) COM RE 1 (MA)
 - (iii) Flexible budget changes with the change in level of activity. Held in 2022
 - (iv) When actual cost is greater than standard cost, then variance is favourable.
 - (v) Profit-Volume ratio is also known as contribution ratio.
- (b) Fill in the blanks with appropriate word/words: 1×5=5
 - (i) Management accounting deals only with that information which is useful to the ——
 - Two elements of a current ratio are current assets and -
 - (iii) Budgetary control is a system of controlling ____

- (iv) The difference between actual cost and standard cost is known (i) Briefly explain the scope of
 - (v) In marginal costing, only viiblipil lo so costs are charged to production.
 - (c) Write brief answers to the following questions: .gatispbud $2 \times 5 = 10$
 - (i) Write two advantages of management accounting.

(b) Explain the assumptions of marginal

- (ii) Mention two limitations of ratio analysis. (vi) Briefly explain any five advantages
- (iii) Write the meaning of budgetary control. Explain different tools and techniques of
- (iv) Write the meaning of variance analysis.
- (v) Write two basic characteristics of marginal costing.

2.	Ans	ver the following questions : (any 5×4=20
	(i)	Briefly explain the scope of management accounting.
		of liquidity

- Explain the significance of liqu (ii) ratios.
- (iii) State the characteristics of good budgeting.
- (iv) Mention five managerial uses of ratio analysis.
- Explain the assumptions of marginal (v)costing.
- Briefly explain any five advantages of standard costing.
- Explain different tools and techniques management accounting in the areas decision-making.

Explain the functions of management accounting.

4.	Answer either Q. Nos. (a) a	nd (b) or 3
	Q. No. (c): 1000 and 2000 a	30A 64

1 1/2 1 1 1 The following information of a company is given below: Current Ratio = 2.8 Acid-test Ratio = 1.5 Working Capital = ₹1,62,000

Find out: The content to be delical.

- (a) Current Assets;
- (b) Current Liabilities; and
- (c) Liquid Assets.

(b) How is the common size statement different from comparative statement?

What is the meaning of financial statement analysis? Describe briefly the techniques of financial statement analysis. 2+8=10

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Contd.

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5. The expenses budgeted for production of 10,000 units in a factory are furnished below:

P. W. Million	
Per .	Unit (₹)
Materials	70
Labour	25
Variable overhead	20
Fixed overheads (₹1,00,000)	10
variable expenses (Direct)	5
expenses (100% for all	13
expenses (20% fixed)	7
THOU STIVE EXPENSES (F. E.S. O.O.)	5
Sales per unit	155
Assume that admired	210

fixed for all levels of production.

Prepare a flexible budget for production of (a) 8,000 units, and (b) 6,000 units.

O

State the factors which are considered in establishment of standard cost.

6. Following are the information obtained from the books of Asian Ltd.:

Fixed Cost = ₹ 1,60,000

Sales = ₹ 100 per unit

Variable cost = ₹ 90 per unit

Calculate —

- (a) P/V ratio;
- (b) Break-even sales;
- (c) Break-even units;
- (d) Sales to earn a profit of ₹ 40,000;
- (e) Profit when sales are ₹ 20,00,000. 2×5=10

Or

Explain the uses of marginal costing by management in decision-making process.

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