Total number of printed pages-7

3 (Sem-2/CBCS) PHY HC1

2022

PHYSICS

(Honours)

Paper: PHY-HC-2016

(Electricity and Magnetism)

Full Marks: 60

Time: Three hours

The figures in the margin indicate full marks for the questions.

- 1. Answer any seven questions: $1 \times 7 = 7$
 - (a) Give one example where the electric potential is zero at a point or line but electric field is not zero.
 - (b) What is conservative nature of electric field?

Contd.

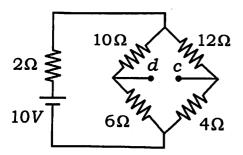
- (c) If surface charge density of an infinite thick sheet is σ and -q amount of charge is deposited on the sheet, then the amount of work done will be ______. (Fill in the blank)
- (d) What is displacement current?
- (e) What is electric susceptibility?
- (f) Define Curie temperature.
- (g) Define intensity of Magnetic field in Tesla.
- (h) Define electric dipole moment.
- (i) State Lenz's law of electromagnetic induction.
- (j) What is meant by paramagnetic material?
- 2. Answer any four questions: 2×4=8
 - (a) Distinguish between magnetic vector potential and electric potential.
 - (b) Mention the S.I. unit and dimension of electric flux.

- (c) Show that the curl of an electric field \vec{E} is equal to zero.
- (d) Show that $\mu = \mu_0 (1 + \chi_m)$, where the symbols have their usual meaning.
- (e) Mutual inductance of two coils is 4mH.
 If the current in one coil changes from 6A to 1A in 0·1 second, find the e.m.f. induced in the other coil.
- (f) An electron moving with velocity \vec{v} enters a magnetic field \vec{B} in a direction normal to it. Find an expression for the frequency of its circular motion.
- (g) Find the force of attraction between two long, parallel wires at distance 'd' apart, carrying currents I_1 and I_2 respectively.
- (h) What do you mean by current sensitivity and charge sensitivity of a ballistic galvanometer?

- 3. Answer **any three** questions : $5 \times 3 = 15$
 - (a) Two infinite parallel plates carry equal but opposite uniform charge densities $\pm \sigma$. Find the electric field in between the two plates and also outside the two plates.
 - (b) Derive Poisson's equation. From this, write Laplace's equation. Express both the equations in Cartesian co-ordinate system.
 - (c) Show that the electric field inside a charged hollow sphere is zero.
 - (d) Starting from electric field intensity due to a point charge, derive the Gauss law in differential form.
 - (e) Show that a small current loop is equivalent to a magnetic dipole.
 - (f) Derive the expression for electric potential at any point due to an electric dipole.
 - (g) Find out the vector potential at a point near a straight conductor carrying current.

- (h) Obtain an expression for the torque acting on a rectangular current loop in a uniform magnetic field.
- 4. Answer any three questions: 10×3=30
 - (a) (i) Using Gauss's law, find the expressions for electric field due to a spherical charge distribution (volume charge density ρ)
 - (1) at an outside point
 - (2) on the surface
 - (3) at an inside point 2+2+3=7
 - (ii) Using Gauss's law, find the electric field due to an infinite plane sheet of charge having surface charge density σ .
 - (b) What is electrical image? Find out the potential, electric field and induced charge density on an earthed conductor plane.
 - (c) State and prove Ampère's circuital law.
 Using this, find the magnetic field due to a toroid. 2+3+5=10
 - (d) Find the divergence and curl of magnetic field. 5+5=10

(e) State Thevenin and Norton theorems. Find the Thevenin's and Norton's equivalent circuit with respect to the terminals c, d in the network given below. Also find the resistance to be connected between c and d to dissipate maximum power.



- (f) (i) What do you mean by resonance in series LCR circuit? Derive the expression for resonant frequency and also draw the resonance curve. 2+2+2=6
 - (ii) Explain the terms Quality Factor and Bandwidth in case of a series LCR circuit. 2+2=4
- (g) (i) Draw a neat labelled diagram of a moving coil ballistic galvanometer.
 What is logarithmic damping?
 3+3=6

- (ii) Derive the expression for the torque acting on an electric dipole placed in a uniform electric field.
- (h) What is hysteresis? Explain the hysteresis loop in the case of a ferromagnetic material. 2+8=10